



I-WEST: Intermountain West Energy Sustainability & Transitions

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I-WEST: Intermountain West Energy Sustainability & Transitions

Intermountain West region

Regionally-relevant technology roadmap to transition the Intermountain West region to a carbon-neutral energy economy

- Stakeholder-based roadmap
- Build regional coalitions

Priorities: regional attributes and societal readiness



I-WEST: Intermountain West Energy Sustainability & Transitions

Intermountain West region



Who funds this initiative?

-Department of Energy

Who leads?

-Los Alamos National Laboratory

Who are partners?



I-WEST is looking at equitable transition strategies

Place-based Approach

- Prioritize regional attributes and societal readiness for developing and deploying technologies
- Explicitly consider non-technological aspects of region—policy landscape, revenue and jobs, workforce, equity and environmental justice

Multiple Technologies

- Carbon capture, utilization, and storage
- Hydrogen
- Bioenergy
- Low-carbon electricity



I-WEST phase I

- Started summer 2021
- Deliverable to DOE: roadmap for energy transition in the I-WEST region
- Coalition building through workshops, listening sessions, meetings
 - Concerned citizens
 - Governments
 - Energy companies
 - Advocacy groups
 - Consulting and Engineering companies
 - Investment companies
 - Universities, Colleges
 - Non-profit organizations
 - US Department of Energy (FECM and EERE; DOE Secretary's Office; Arctic Energy Office; Office of Economic Impact and Diversity; Office of Energy Justice; Office of Policy; NNSA
 - National Labs

Workshops: technologies, policies, economics, water

CO₂ emissions

CO₂ sector

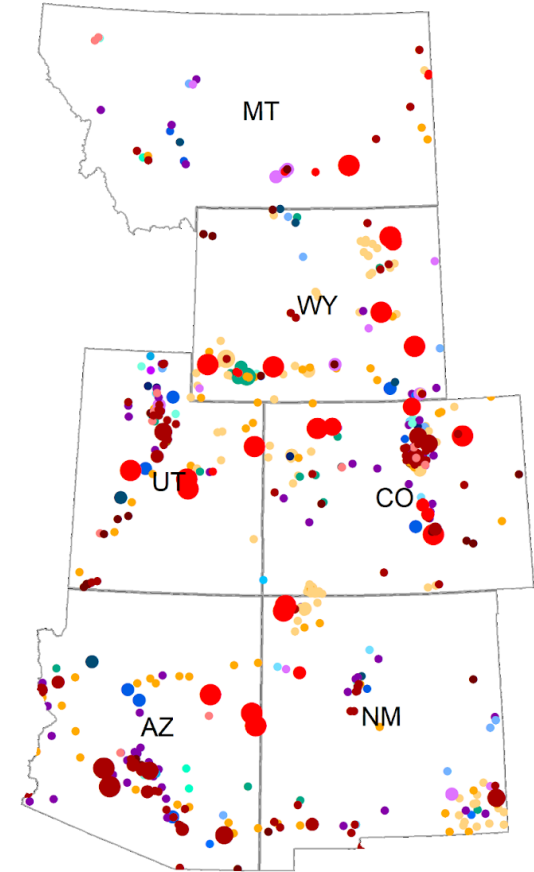
- | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ● Ag/food manufacturing | ● Electricity (Gas) | ● Metals manufacturing |
| ● Ammonia/fertilizer | ● Electricity (Other) | ● Mining |
| ● Cement/concrete | ● Facilities | ● Natural gas processing |
| ● Chemical manufacturing | ● Hydrogen production | ● Oil/gas extraction and dist |
| ● Electricity (Biomass) | ● Iron/steel | ● Other |
| ● Electricity (Coal) | ● Lime/gypsum | ● Petroleum refineries |
| | ● Manufacturing (other) | ● Pulp/paperboard/saw mills |
| | | ● Solid waste |

+transportation



100
Miles

- CO₂ emission (Mton)
- 0.1 - 0.5
 - 0.5 - 1.5
 - 1.5 - 3.0
 - >3.0



Point source capture and direct air capture

Technology development and deployment to capture CO₂ at the source

Identify candidates in I-WEST region (power plants, fertilizer plants, etc.).

This CO₂ can be stored underground: identify locations, storage volumes, transport routes, costs, permitting



Point source capture and direct air capture

DAC: Direct air capture

CO₂ is removed from the atmosphere

Orca facility, Iceland

Currently removes 4000 tons of CO₂ per year

- Technology development and deployment
- Identify locations
- CO₂ storage



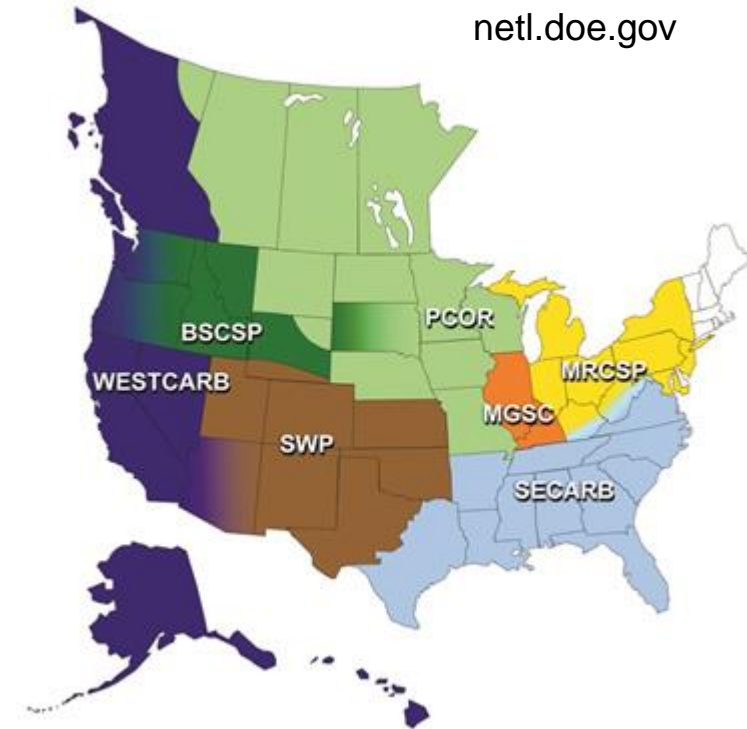
CO₂ sequestration

- Where can CO₂ be stored underground or utilized?
- What is involved?

Demonstration sites, sources of CO₂, research, monitoring, leak detection, induced seismicity, transport, volumes, permits, policies



Kevin Dome project, Montana



Hydrogen economy

- The **hydrogen economy** uses hydrogen to decarbonize some economic sectors
- Technical challenges (long-term storage, transportation, safety concerns, expenses, production technology)
- I-WEST region: production, transport, storage



LA Times Hydrogen hub in Utah

Bio-energy

A form of renewable energy that is derived from biomass

Usage: transportation fuels, heat, electricity, and products

I-WEST focus

Bio-energy source, water usage, etc.



Policies workshop

- For certain technology pathways, the federal government is the only option, including removing barriers to federal tax credits
- In some cases, waiting for the federal government is too uncertain and may take too long. In other areas, needed policies are outside the federal purview
- Please visit iwest.org



Economics workshop

Sovereign Nations

Fossil fuel energy production

- Jobs, education and tax revenues
- Careers that allowed people to stay and thrive in their community
- Environmental and health consequences
- No across-the-board economic development with many community services and attributes lagging behind (e.g., housing)

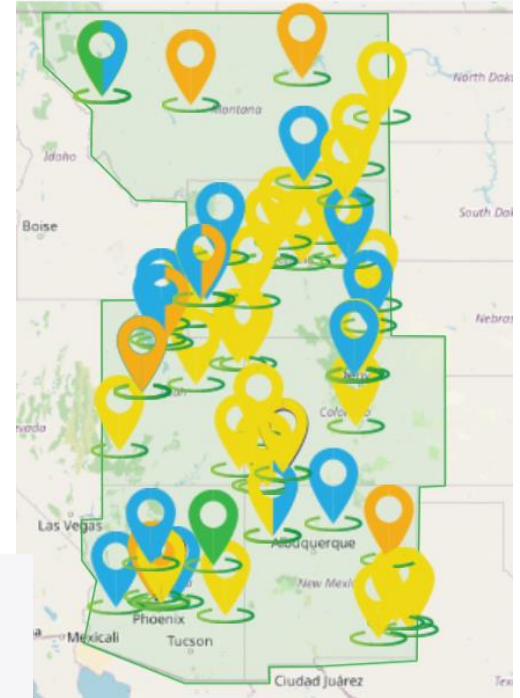
Energy transition: Several Sovereign Nations have the potential to develop energy projects




Roadmap

Phase I

- Roadmap report to DOE
- Project catalog



 CO₂—capture, use, storage

 H₂—production, storage, transport, use

 Biomass—production, use, conversion

 Electricity

 Other

Contact us:



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